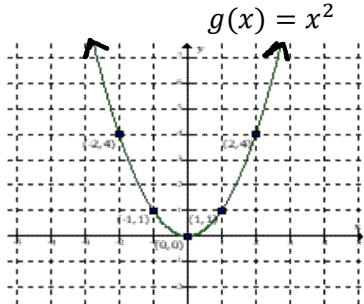


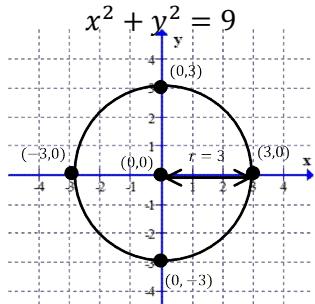
# C12 - 1.0 - Function Transformations Review

- 1) Transform the point/s      b)  $(-1,6)$  and  $(3,5)$  on  $f(x)$       c)  $(2,6)$  and  $(4,12)$  on  $f(x)$ .      d)  $(-2,-2)$   
 a)  $(-2,4)$  on  $f(x)$ .       $y + 4 = 2f(2 - x)$ .       $3y = f\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)$ .       $y = |f(x - 1)| + 1$   
 A VC=1/2, a HT left 5 and  
 a VT up 1.      e)  $(2,8)$   
 $y = -\frac{1}{2}(f(-x - 1) + 4) - 1$

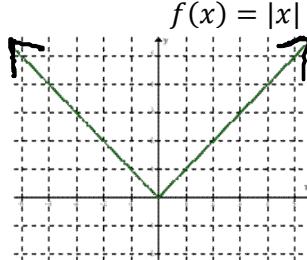
2) Transform and state the new equation.



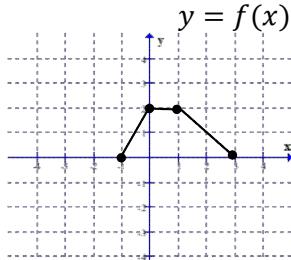
a)  $y - 1 = g(x - 3)$ .



b) A HT right 2 and a  
VE=3 and down 2.



c)  $y - 1 = \frac{1}{2}f(1 - x)$ .



d)  $\frac{1}{3}y = f(2x - 4) + 1$ .

3) Find the New Equation, State the Transformations and Graph if :

a)  $f(x) = x^2$ .  
A VT down 1 and a  
HT left 3.

b)  $f(x) = |x|$ .  
A VT down 1 and  
a HT left 3.

c)  $f(x) = a^x$ .  
A VE=2, and left 1.

d)  $f(x) = \log x$ .  
Up 2 and left 4.

e)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ .  
 $n(x) = f(1 - x) + 1$ .

f)  $f(x) = x^2 - 2x$ .      g)  $f(x) = -x^3 - x^2 + x + 1$ .  
A HR and a VR.  
 $n(x) = f(-x) - 2$ .

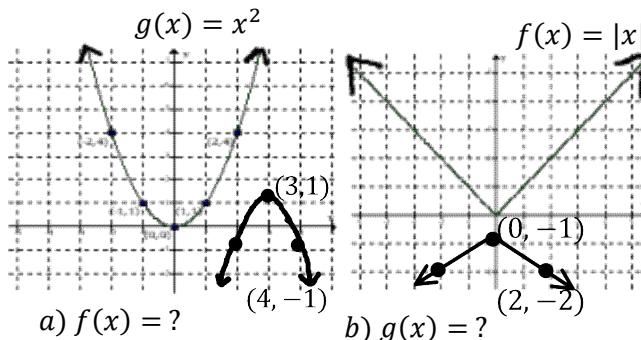
h) Which equation does not  
have  $f(x) = f(-x)$ .

$f(x) = x^2 + y^2 = 9$   
 $f(x) = x^2 + 1$   
 $f(x) = -x^3 + x$

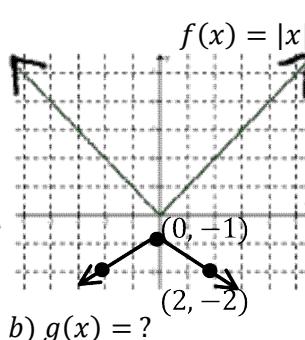
i)  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$   
A HC=1/4, Right 4, & Up 1  
In  $y = a\sqrt{x - c} + d$ .

j)  $f(x) = \sin x$   
 $\frac{1}{2}h(x) = f(x + 1) + 1$

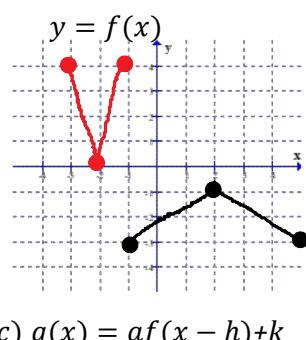
4) State the Transformation and Find the New Equation if :



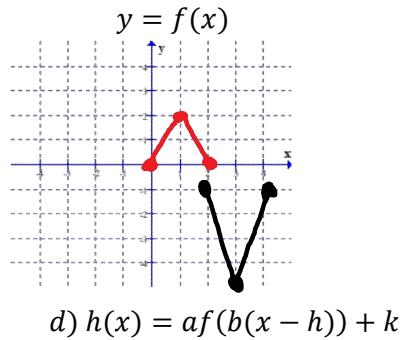
a)  $f(x) = ?$



b)  $g(x) = ?$



c)  $g(x) = af(x - h) + k$



d)  $h(x) = af(b(x - h)) + k$

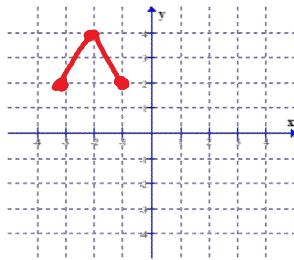
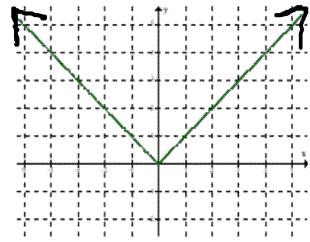
5) If the graph  $f(x)$  of has a domain of  $-2 \leq x \leq 3$  then the graph of  $|f(x)|$  has a domain of:

6) If the graph  $f(x)$  has a range of  $-2 \leq y \leq 3$  then the graph of  $|f(x)|$  has a range of:

7) If the point  $(2,6)$  is on the graph of  $2f(x + 1)$  what point is on the graph of  $f(x)$ .

# C12 - 1.0 - Function Transformations Review

- 8) Find the  
Inverse Point :  
a)  $(-2,4)$   
b)  $(\frac{1}{2}, -3)$



- 15) Transform the point  $(-2,4)$  on  $f(x)$ .

a)  $y = f^{-1}(x-2)$ .    b)  $y = \frac{1}{f^{-1}(x)} + 4$

- 17) Find the new point.

$$(x, f(x)) = (2, 4)$$

a) A vertical expansion by a factor of 2  
A vertical translation up 2

b) A vertical translation up 2  
A vertical expansion by a factor of 2

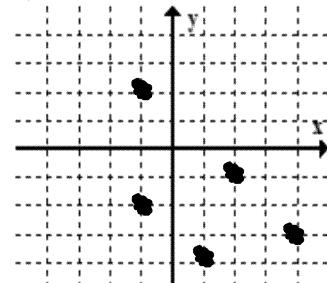
**19) Is the following a function or a relation?**

- a)  $(1,2), (2,3), (3,4)$   
b)  $(2,2), (2,3), (3,4)$   
c)  $(1,2), (2,2), (3,4)$

d)

x	y
-4	0
-2	3
0	6
4	12
8	18

e)



- 9) Graph the inverse.

- 10) Graph and state the domain and range. Find and graph the Inverse and state the domain and range and any invariant points :

- a)  $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 1$   
b)  $y = 2(x-1)^2 + 1$   
c)  $y = (x-1)^3 + 1$   
d)  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$   
e)  $y = \frac{1}{1-x}$   
f)  $y = \frac{2x}{x+1}$

11) Are  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$  inverses of each other.  
 $f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1}$   
 $g(x) = \frac{x}{1-x}$

- 12) Find the equation of the graph reflected over the line  $y = x$ .  
 $2 - x = y^2 + 4y$

- 13) If the point  $(-1,9)$  is on the graph of  $f^{-1}(x-1)$  what point is on the graph of  $f(x)$ .

- 14) If the point  $(4, -1)$  is on the graph of  $x+1 = f(y-2)$  what point is on the graph of  $f(x)$ .

- 16) Transform the point  $(-2,4)$  on  $f(x)$ .

$$y = \frac{2}{f^{-1}(x-2) + 4}$$

- 18) Find the new equation.

$$f(x) = x^2 \text{ & } y = f(x)$$

a) A vertical expansion by a factor of 2  
A vertical translation up 2

b) A vertical translation up 2  
A vertical expansion by a factor of 2

- 20) Graph and state the domain and range and if it is a function or a relation and if it is a one-to-one function. Find and graph the inverse. Is the inverse a function?

- a)  $f(x) = x^2$   
b)  $f(x) = x^3$

- 21) Is the following even or odd or neither  
a)  $f(x) = x^4 - x^2$   
b)  $f(x) = x^3$ .  
c)  $f(x) = x^3 + x^2$

Transform

1) Point/s

2) Graph

Find Equation from

3) Base\* function

4) Two graphs

5/6) Domain & Range

7) Backwards!

8-16) Inverse

17/18) Order Matters

19) Function Definition

20) One-to-one

21) Even Odd

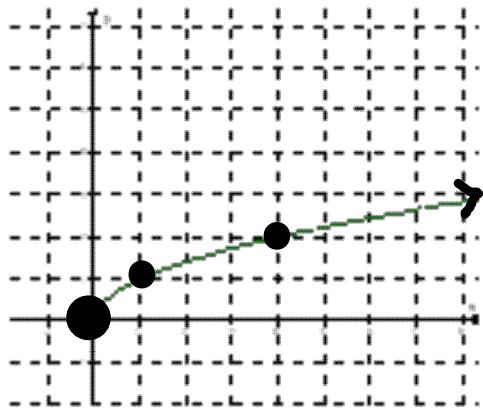
# C12 - 1.0 - Radicals Review

1) Transform  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ , and state the new equation.

A HE of 2 and a VT down 2.

a)  $y - 1 = 2f(x - 1)$ .

b)  $-y = f\left(\frac{1}{2}x - 2\right)$ .



3) Graph/State the Domain and Range and Asymptote(s) and find any Intercepts.

a)  $y = -\sqrt{x+1} - 1$

b)  $y = 2\sqrt{1-x} - 1$

c)  $y = \sqrt{4-x^2}$

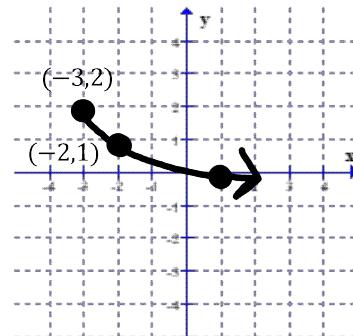
d)  $y = \sqrt[3]{x} - 1$

6) Find the inverse equation and graph both.

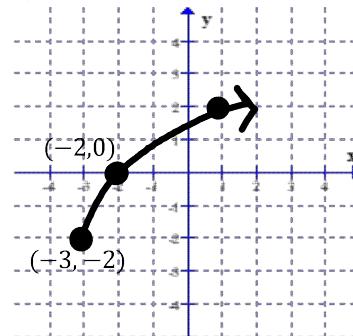
$$y = \sqrt{x}$$

2) State the Transformation and Find the New Equation if :

a)



b)



4) Graphing the function and their square roots function and state the domain and range and state any invariant points.

a)  $y = x$

b)  $y = x^2 - 1$

c)  $y = 9 - x^2$

5) Solving.

a)  $x = \sqrt{2x + 3}$

b)  $\sqrt{x+3} - 1 - x = 0$

c)  $\sqrt{x-1} = x$

c)  $0 = \sqrt[3]{x^2} - x$

1) Transform Graph

2) Find Equation

3) Graph/Domain & Range

4) Square Root Functions

5) Solve

6) Inverse