

C11 - 6.3 - Multiplying Dividing Rationals Notes

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{6}$$

Multiply Tops
Multiply Bottoms

$$\frac{a}{2} \div \frac{1}{3} = \frac{a}{2} \times \frac{3}{1} = \frac{3a}{2}$$

Flip and multiply

$$\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{4}{9} = \frac{3 \times 4}{8 \times 9} = \frac{\cancel{3} \times \cancel{2} \times \cancel{2}}{\cancel{2} \times \cancel{2} \times \cancel{2} \times \cancel{3} \times 3} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{4}{9} = \frac{\cancel{3}^1}{\cancel{8}^2} \times \frac{\cancel{4}^1}{\cancel{9}^3} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{x+2} \times (x+2) = 1$$

$x+2 \neq 0$
 $x \neq -2$

Restrictions

$$\frac{x+2}{x+3} \times \frac{2}{x+2} = \frac{2}{x+3}$$

$x+2 \neq 0$
 $x \neq -2$

$x+3 \neq 0$
 $x \neq -3$

$$\frac{1}{(x+2)(x+3)} \times (x+3) = \frac{1}{x+2}$$

$x+2 \neq 0$
 $x \neq -2$

$x+3 \neq 0$
 $x \neq -3$

$$\frac{2}{x+1} \times (x+1)(x+2) = \frac{2}{x+1} \times (x+1)(x+2)$$

$x+1 \neq 0$
 $x \neq -1$

Think what cancels and what are you left with

$$\frac{x+1}{x^2-5x+6} \times \frac{x-2}{x^2+5x+4} = \frac{x-2}{x-2} \neq 0$$

$x \neq 2$

$x+1 \neq 0$
 $x \neq -1$

$x-3 \neq 0$
 $x \neq 3$

$x+4 \neq 0$
 $x \neq -4$

$$\frac{(x-3)(x-2)}{(x-3)(x-2)} \times \frac{(x+4)(x+1)}{(x-2)(x+1)} = \frac{1}{(x-3)(x+4)}$$

Factor

$x \neq 2, -1, 3, -4$

$$\frac{x-4}{x+5} \div \frac{x-4}{x-3} = \frac{x-4}{x+5} \times \frac{x-3}{x-4}$$

$x+5 \neq 0$
 $x \neq -5$

$x-3 \neq 0$
 $x \neq 3$

$x-4 \neq 0$
 $x \neq 4$

Flip and multiply

$x \neq 3, -5, 4$

$$\frac{x-7}{x+4} \div \frac{x^2-2x-15}{x^2-x-20} = \frac{x-7}{x+4} \div \frac{(x-5)(x+3)}{(x-5)(x+4)} = \frac{x-7}{x+4} \times \frac{(x-5)(x+3)}{(x-5)(x+4)} = \frac{(x-7)(x-5)(x+3)}{(x+4)(x-5)(x+3)} = \frac{x-7}{x+3}$$

$x+4 \neq 0$
 $x \neq -4$

$x-5 \neq 0$
 $x \neq 5$

$x+3 \neq 0$
 $x \neq -3$

Factor 1st

$x \neq -4, -3, 5$