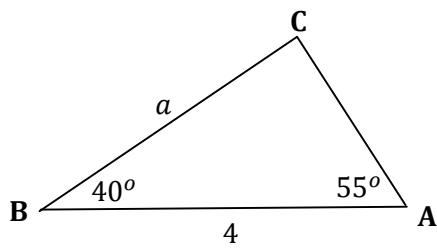


C11 - 2.11 - Sine/Cosine Law Notes Solve the Triangle

Solve for a.



$$C = 180^\circ - 40^\circ - 55^\circ \\ = 85^\circ$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

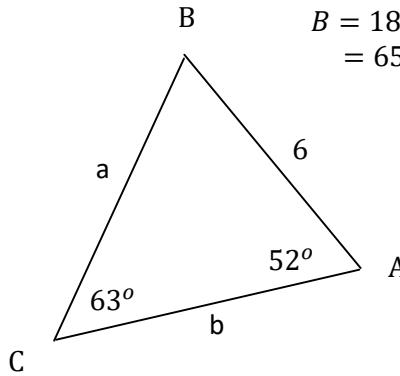
$$\frac{\sin 55^\circ}{a} = \frac{\sin 85^\circ}{4}$$

$$\frac{0.819}{a} = 4.015$$

$$0.819 \times \frac{a}{0.819} = 4.015 \times 0.819$$

$$a = 3.289$$

Solve the triangle.



$$B = 180^\circ - 63^\circ - 52^\circ \\ = 65^\circ$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$\frac{\sin 52^\circ}{a} = \frac{\sin 63^\circ}{6}$$

$$\frac{0.788}{a} = 6.734$$

$$0.788 \times \frac{a}{0.788} = 6.734 \times 0.788$$

$$a = 6.734 \times 0.788$$

$$a = 5.306$$

$$\frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

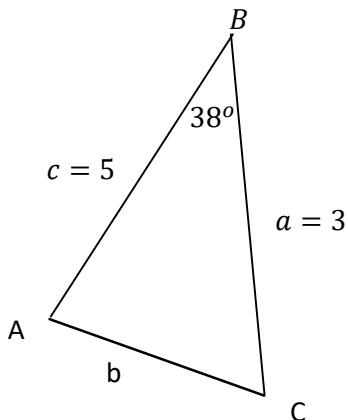
$$\frac{\sin 65^\circ}{b} = \frac{\sin 63^\circ}{6}$$

$$\frac{0.906}{b} = 6.734$$

$$0.906 \times \frac{b}{0.906} = 6.734 \times 0.906$$

$$b = 6.101$$

Solve the triangle *Find the angle opposite of the smaller side 1st.



Cosine Law: Switched b and c

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos C$$

$$b^2 = a^2 + c^2 - 2ac \cdot \cos B$$

$$b^2 = 3^2 + 5^2 - 2(3)(5) \cdot \cos(38^\circ)$$

$$b^2 = 9 + 25 - 30 \cos(38^\circ)$$

$$b^2 = 34 - 23.64$$

$$b^2 = 10.36$$

$$\sqrt{b^2} = \sqrt{10.36}$$

$$b = 3.22$$

Sine Law:

$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b}$$

$$\frac{3}{\sin A} = \frac{3.22}{\sin 38^\circ}$$

$$\frac{3}{\sin A} = 0.19$$

$$3 \times \frac{\sin A}{3} = 0.19 \times 3$$

$$\sin A = 0.57$$

$$A = 35^\circ$$

180° in a triangle:

$$C = 180^\circ - 38^\circ - 35^\circ \\ = 107^\circ$$