Radicals

Laws

Simplifying/Expanding

Adding Subtracting Coefficients

Multiplying Dividing

Rationalizing/Conjugates

Solve/Isolate a root

Square Both Sides/Again

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Standard Form

 $y = ax^2 + bx + c$

Restrictions: Set underneath root ≥ 0 and solve

Absolute Value

Inequalities

Test Point(s)

Quadratic

Linear

Systems

One Variable - Number Line

Two Variables Shading

Sign Analysis +ve: > 0, -ve: < 0

Isolate Absolute Value

"+" case: distribute a + into absolute value
"-" case: distribute a - into absolute value

Multiply/Divide (-ve) Change Sign Direction!

≥,≤ • _____

<.>0 -----

Make y-values positive

|x| = -3 Impossible, no solution.

 $y_1 = +case\ LHS$, $y_2 = -case\ LHS$, $y_3 = RHS$

Piecewise function:

$$y = \begin{cases} "+" \text{ case, Domain} & Set \mid | \ge 0 \text{ and solve} \\ "-" \text{ case, Domain} & Set \mid | < 0 \text{ and solve} \end{cases}$$

Restrictions: Set Denominator $\neq 0$ and solve

VA: x = Restrictions $x + 2 \neq 0$

Invariant points: set denominator = ± 1 , solve

Quadratics

Graphing TOV

Transformations
Complete the Square

Vertex Form $y = a(x-p)^2 + q$ Calculator 2nd Calc

V:(p,q)

Solving x - intercepts y = 0 (x, 0)

Get = 0. Factor $(+x^2, x, \# = 0)$

0 = (x+2)(2x+3)

Set $brackets^* = 0$ seperately and solve

Factored Form

$$y = a(x - \#)(x - \#)$$

Square Root Method

Isolate Squared Term Square Root Both Sides

$$\sqrt{(x+2)^2} = \pm \sqrt{5}$$

Quadratic Formula

$$x_{int} = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$
 Discriminant

Case 1: $b^2 - 4ac > 0$ *Two* x - ints

Case 2: $b^2 - 4ac < 0$ *No* x - int

Case 3: $b^2 - 4ac = 0$ *One* x - int

Rationals

 $(x,\pm 1)$

Reciprocals

Do to Top/Do to Bottom Multiply Tops/Bottoms Flip and Multiply Adding Subtracting LCD Solving Multiply LCD Do to one/Do to all

State Restrictions: Above!

Domain: $x \neq Restrictions$

Sequences

(Or Original) x + 2 = +1

See Formula Sheet!

 $t_n = t_1 + (n-1)d$

 t_1 , t_2 ... t_n

Systems (x, y), (x, y)Graphing TOV/Calc

 $y_1 = LHS$
 $y_2 = RHS$

OR

 $y_1 = y_2$ $y_1 \pm y_2 = y_3 = 0$

Find x-ints

Substitution

Elimination

Find Intersection

LHS: Left Hand Side of Equal Sign LHS = RHSLHS - RHS = 0

Trigonometry

ASTC/Unit Circle Special Triangles $\theta_r = \sin^{-1}(+)$ $\theta_{stp}, \theta_{r}, \theta_{cot}, \theta_{gen}, \theta_{pri}$ Sine/Cos Law ASS Ambiguous Rationalize let $m = 2x^*$

M8-10 Methods

Bedmas/# Forms
Substitution, let m = #Algebra/Fractions y = mx + bExponents/Geometry
Factoring/FOIL
Inequalities