

# M8 - 10.7 - LCD " $\frac{x}{a} + \frac{b}{c} = \frac{d}{e}$ " Notes

Solve for  $x$  by multiplying each term by the LCD

$$\begin{aligned}
 x - 1 &= \frac{1}{2} \\
 2 \times (x - 1) &= \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \\
 2x - 2 &= 1 \\
 +2 & \quad +2 \\
 2x &= 3 \\
 \frac{2x}{2} &= \frac{3}{2} \\
 x &= \frac{3}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

**LCD = 2**

Multiply both sides by 2  
Distribute  
Add 2 to both sides  
Divide both sides by 2

Check Answer

$$\begin{aligned}
 x - 1 &= \frac{1}{2} \\
 \frac{3}{2} - 1 &= \frac{1}{2} \\
 \frac{3}{2} - \frac{2}{2} &= \frac{1}{2} \\
 \frac{1}{2} &= \frac{1}{2} \quad \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

Short Form

$$\begin{aligned}
 x - 1 &= \frac{1}{2} \\
 2(x - 1) &= 1 \\
 2x - 2 &= 1 \\
 2x &= 3 \\
 x &= \frac{3}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

OR

Algebra	Add Fractions
$  \begin{aligned}  x - 1 &= \frac{1}{2} \\  +1 & \quad +1 \\  x &= \frac{3}{2}  \end{aligned}  $	$  \begin{aligned}  \frac{1}{2} + 1 &= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{2} \\  &= \frac{3}{2}  \end{aligned}  $
	<p>Expand <math>1 = \frac{1}{1} = \frac{1 \times 2}{1 \times 2} = \frac{2}{2}</math></p> <p>LCD = 2</p>

Solve for  $x$  by multiplying each term by the LCD

$$\begin{aligned}
 x - \frac{1}{4} &= \frac{1}{2} \\
 4 \times (x - \frac{1}{4}) &= \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \\
 4x - \frac{4}{4} &= \frac{4}{2} \\
 4x - 1 &= 2 \\
 +1 & \quad +1 \\
 4x &= 3 \\
 \frac{4x}{4} &= \frac{3}{4} \\
 x &= \frac{3}{4}
 \end{aligned}$$

**LCD = 4**

Multiply both sides by 4  
Distribute  
Add 1 to both sides  
Divide both sides by 4

Check Answer

$$\begin{aligned}
 x - \frac{1}{4} &= \frac{1}{2} \\
 \frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{4} &= \frac{1}{2} \\
 \frac{2}{4} &= \frac{1}{2} \\
 \frac{1}{2} &= \frac{1}{2} \quad \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

Short Form

$$\begin{aligned}
 x - \frac{1}{4} &= \frac{1}{2} \\
 (x - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2}) \times 4 & \\
 4x - 1 &= 2 \\
 4x &= 3 \\
 x &= \frac{3}{4}
 \end{aligned}$$

Instead of actually multiplying by the LCD we are going to multiply and simplify at the same time.

Solve for  $x$  by multiplying each term by the LCD

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{4} &= \frac{1}{3} \\
 (\frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{3}) \times 12 & \\
 \frac{12x}{2} + \frac{12}{4} &= \frac{12}{3} \\
 6x + 3 &= 4 \\
 -3 & \quad -3 \\
 6x &= 1 \\
 x &= \frac{1}{6}
 \end{aligned}$$

**LCD = 12**

Multiply both sides by 12  
Distribute  
Simplify  
Algebra

Check Answer

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{4} &= \frac{1}{3} \\
 (\frac{1}{6}) + \frac{1}{4} &= \frac{1}{3} \\
 \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{4} &= \frac{1}{3} \\
 \frac{1}{12} + \frac{3}{12} &= \frac{1}{3} \\
 \frac{4}{12} &= \frac{1}{3} \quad \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

Fractions  $\div +$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (\frac{1}{6}) & \quad \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{4} \\
 \frac{1}{6} \div 2 & \quad \frac{1}{12} + \frac{3}{12} \\
 \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{2} & \quad \frac{1}{12} + \frac{3}{12} \\
 \frac{1}{12} & \quad \frac{4}{12} \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3}
 \end{aligned}$$

Short Form

$$\begin{aligned}
 (\frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{3}) \times 12 & \\
 6x + 3 &= 4 \\
 6x &= 1 \\
 x &= \frac{1}{6}
 \end{aligned}$$