

M10 - 4.0 - Exponents/Radicals Review

1) Simplify

$$\begin{aligned} a) \sqrt[2]{12} &= \\ b) \sqrt[2]{45} &= \\ c) \sqrt[3]{\sqrt[4]{80}} &= \\ d) x \sqrt[2]{20x^2} &= \\ e) \sqrt[2]{27x^3} &= \\ f) \sqrt[3]{162x^5} &= \\ g) \frac{1}{6x^2} \sqrt[3]{189x^7} &= \end{aligned}$$

2) Convert to entire.

$$\begin{aligned} a) 5\sqrt[2]{2} &= \\ b) -3x\sqrt[2]{7x} &= \\ c) \sqrt[2]{8} = & \\ d) -7x\sqrt[3]{6} &= \\ e) \frac{1}{3x} \sqrt[3]{\frac{27x^3}{8}} &= \end{aligned}$$

3) Simplify

$$\begin{aligned} a) 2^3 \times 2^4 &= \\ b) x^3 \times x^4 &= \\ c) 6a^2 \times 3a^3 &= \\ d) 2^3 \times x^3 &= \\ e) (2x)^2 \times (2x)^3 &= \\ f) (3x^2)^2 \times (2x)^4 &= \\ g) (5x^3)^2 \times (7x^{99})^0 &= \end{aligned}$$

4) Simplify

$$\begin{aligned} a) x^3 \div x^3 &= \\ b) x^5 \div x^2 &= \\ c) (2x)^6 \div (2x)^3 &= \\ d) \frac{m^5}{m^2} &= \end{aligned}$$

5) Simplify

$$\begin{aligned} a) (x^2)^3 &= \\ b) (3x^3)^4 &= \\ c) (3 \times 4)^2 &= \\ d) [2x \times 3x]^2 &= \\ e) [3xy]^2 &= \\ f) [3x \times 2y]^2 &= \end{aligned}$$

6) Solve

$$\begin{aligned} a) -2^2 &= \\ b) (-5)^3 &= \\ c) (-3)^4 &= \\ d) -(-7^2) &= \\ e) -(-4)^3 &= \\ f) -(-1)^4 &= \\ g) -(8)^2 &= \\ h) (-9)^2 &= \end{aligned}$$

7) Solve

$$\begin{aligned} a) (-2x)^2 &= \\ b) (-3x)^3 &= \\ c) (-2x^2y^3)^3 &= \end{aligned}$$

8) Simplify

$$\begin{aligned} a) \left(\frac{x}{y}\right)^2 &= \\ b) \left(\frac{3y}{2x}\right)^2 &= \\ c) \frac{12^3}{3^3} &= \\ d) \left(\frac{6x^2}{2x^1}\right)^3 &= \\ e) \left(\frac{180x^2}{6x}\right)^2 &= \\ f) \left(\frac{5xy}{35y^2}\right)^2 &= \end{aligned}$$

9) Write with positive Exponents

$$\begin{aligned} a) x^{-4} &= l) \frac{5^2}{5^{-3}} = \\ b) \frac{1}{x^{-3}} &= m) \frac{5^{-2}}{5^3} = \\ c) 2x^{-2} &= n) \frac{2x^5y^{-2}}{z^{-3}} = \\ d) 2^{-3}x &= o) (-2x)^{-2} = \\ e) (3x)^{-3} &= p) \frac{(3a^2)^{-2}}{a} = \\ f) 2^{-3}x^{-2} &= q) \left(\frac{5x}{-2x^2}\right)^{-2} = \\ g) \frac{1}{3x^{-2}} &= r) \left(\frac{2x^{-3}y^4}{-54x^6y}\right)^{-\frac{4}{3}} = \\ h) \frac{5}{2^{-3}x^{-2}} &= \\ i) \frac{2}{(3x)^{-2}} &= \\ j) \frac{x^2}{y^{-3}} &= \\ k) (x^{-1})^2 &= \end{aligned}$$

10) Simplify

$$\begin{aligned} a) \frac{2^{-2} + 1}{2^3} &= \\ b) \frac{x^{-3} + 1}{x^2} &= \end{aligned}$$

11) Change from radical/root form to exponential form.

$$\begin{aligned} a) \sqrt[5]{3^2} &= \\ b) \sqrt{6} &= \\ c) \sqrt[2]{x^5} &= \end{aligned}$$

12) Change from exponential form to radical/root form. Simplify if possible.

$$\begin{aligned} a) 9^{\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)} &= k) \sqrt{\frac{3^4}{3^2}} = \\ b) 9^{0.5} &= l) (9n^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \\ c) 27^{0.3} &= m) (32x^{10})^{-\frac{1}{5}} = \\ d) -3^{\frac{2}{3}} &= n) (-27x^9y^{-3})^{\frac{4}{3}} = \\ e) 16^{\frac{3}{4}} &= o) \sqrt{\sqrt{81}} = \\ f) 81^{-\frac{3}{4}} &= p) \sqrt{\sqrt{512x^5}} = \\ g) (-125)^{\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)} &= \\ h) (-5)^{\frac{3}{2}} &= \\ i) -5^{\frac{3}{2}} &= \\ j) \left(-\frac{8}{27}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} &= \end{aligned}$$

13) Simplify

$$\begin{aligned} a) 3^{\frac{1}{3}} \times 3^{\frac{1}{2}} &= \\ b) 5^{\frac{1}{2}} \times 5^{\frac{1}{4}} &= \\ c) \sqrt[3]{5^2} \times \sqrt{5^3} &= \\ d) \sqrt[2]{5^3} \div \sqrt{5^4} &= \\ f) \frac{5}{5^4} &= \\ g) \frac{2^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2^{-\frac{1}{2}}} &= \\ h) \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} &= \\ i) 8^{\frac{2}{3}} \times 16^{\frac{3}{2}} &= \end{aligned}$$

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14) Is this perfect square a perfect cube, neither or both?

- a) 125
- b) 64
- c) 99
- d) 3^4
- e) 1^5
- f) 2^5
- g) 5^6
- h) 4^3

15) Change the base

- a) $4^2 =$
- b) $16 =$
- c) $81 =$
- d) $9^3 =$
- e) $18 =$
- f) $4^3 \times 8^2 =$

16) Simplify

- a) $\frac{2^3 \times 2^4}{2^5} =$
- b) $\frac{3^4 \times 3^{-3}}{9} =$
- c) $\frac{4^2 \times 16^3}{128^2} =$
- d) $\frac{(2x^3y^2)(6xy^4)}{(4x^3y)} =$
- e) $\frac{(8x^3y^2)^2(6xy^4)^{-2}}{(4x^3y)} =$

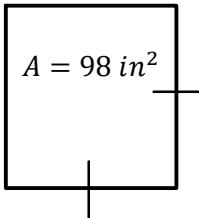
17) Solve for x .

- a) $x^2 = 9$
- b) $x^3 = -8$
- c) $\sqrt{x} = 4$
- d) $x^{\frac{2}{3}} = 16$
- e) $2^x = 4^2$
- f) $3^x = 27^2$
- g) $2^x = 2^5$
- h) $4^{x+1} = 8^{2x-2}$

18) a) Estimate the following square roots.

- $\sqrt{6}, \sqrt{24}, \sqrt[3]{61}$
- b) Order Least to greatest $\sqrt{32}, \sqrt{18}, \sqrt{50}$
- c) $\sqrt[3]{61}, \sqrt{64}, \sqrt[3]{125}$

19) Find the perimeter of the square.

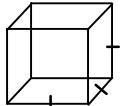


24) a) Solve for P if $n = 7$
 $P = 2(2)^n$

b) Solve for n if $P = 1024$.
 $P = 2(2)^n$

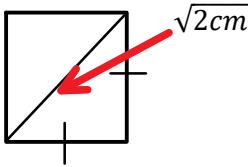
c) Solve for n if $P = \frac{1}{16}$.
 $P = 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n$

20) Find the dimensions of the cube



$$v = 250 \text{ m}^3$$

21) Find the area of the square.



22) Find the radius of a sphere given following equation related to Volume, $v = 268.09 \text{ cm}^3$.

$$v = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

23) Find time, t in seconds, to fall if you drop a ball off of a 122.5 meter high, h , building from the following equation.

$$h = 4.9t^2$$