

C12 - 3.14 - Revenue/Profit Max

You sell candy 10 candies for 6 dollars each. If you increase the price by 1 dollar, 1 less friend buy the candy. What is the price and quantity that will max revenue?

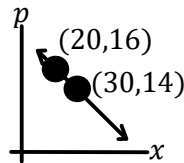
$\begin{array}{ c c } \hline p & q \\ \hline 6 & 10 \\ 7 & 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$	let $x = \text{quantity}$ let $p = \text{demand}$ let $R = \text{Revenue}$	$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$ $m = \frac{10 - 9}{6 - 7}$ $m = -1$	$y = mx + b$ $p = -1x + b$ $6 = -1(10) + b$ $b = 16$ $p = -x + 16$	$R = pq$ $R = (-x + 16)x$ $R = -x^2 + 16x$	OR $R = -x^2 + 16x$ $R' = -2x + 16$ $0 = -2x + 16$ $x = 8 \text{ units}$
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Demand Function is Price $m = -1$ $V: (8, 64)$ Calc/ Complete Square
 (x, R)

OR **PC11** Let $p = \text{price}$, Let $q = \text{quantity}$, Let $R = \text{revenue}$ Let $x = \# \text{ of price increases}$

$p = 6 + 1t$	$q = 10 - 1x$	$p = 6 + 1(2)$ $p = 6 + 2$ $p = \$8$	$R = pq$ $R = 8 \times 8$ $R = \$64$	
$R = p \times q$	$R' = -2x + 4$	$q = 10 - 1(2)$ $q = 10 - 2$ $q = 8 \text{ units}$		
$R = (6 + 1x)(10 - 1x)$	$0 = -2x + 4$ $x = 2$			
$R = 60 - 6x + 10x - x^2$ $R = -x^2 + 4x + 60$				

16\$ units, $R = px$
sell 20 units. $P = R - C$
14\$ units, $C = 4x + 140$
sell 30 units. $C = \text{Cost}$
 $P = \text{Profit}$



x	p	R	C	P
0	20	0	140	-140
10	18	180	180	0
20	16	320	240	120
30	14	420	260	160
40	12	480	300	180
50	10	500	340	160
60	8	480	380	100
70	6	420	420	0

Max Profit $(40, 180)$

Find x to Max P & Break Even $P=0$.

$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$ $m = \frac{16 - 15}{20 - 30}$ $m = -\frac{1}{10}$ Down \$1 Sell 10 more	$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$ $p - 16 = -\frac{1}{10}(x - 20)$ $p = -\frac{1}{10}x + 20$ $p = -\frac{1}{10}(40) + 20$ $p = \$12$	$R = px$ $R = \left(-\frac{1}{10}x + 20\right)x$ $R = -\frac{1}{10}x^2 + 20x$	$P = R - C$ $P = -\frac{1}{10}x^2 + 20x - (4x + 140)$ $P = -\frac{1}{10}x^2 + 16x - 140$
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Demand Function
Revenue Function
Profit Function

OR Max Profit

$MR = MC$
 $\frac{dR}{dx} = \frac{dC}{dx}$
 $-\frac{2}{10}x + 20 = 4$
 $x = 40$

$C = 4x + 140$
 $\frac{dC}{dx} = 4$

Max Profit $\frac{dP}{dx} = 0$

$\frac{dP}{dx} = -\frac{2}{10}x + 16$
 $0 = -\frac{2}{10}x + 16$
 $x = 40 \text{ units}$

$P = -\frac{1}{10}(40)^2 + 16(40) - 140$
 $P = \$180$

Max Profit $\left(\frac{-b}{2a}, P\right)$
 $\left(\frac{-16}{2\left(-\frac{1}{10}\right)}, P\right)$
 $(40, 180)$