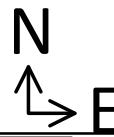


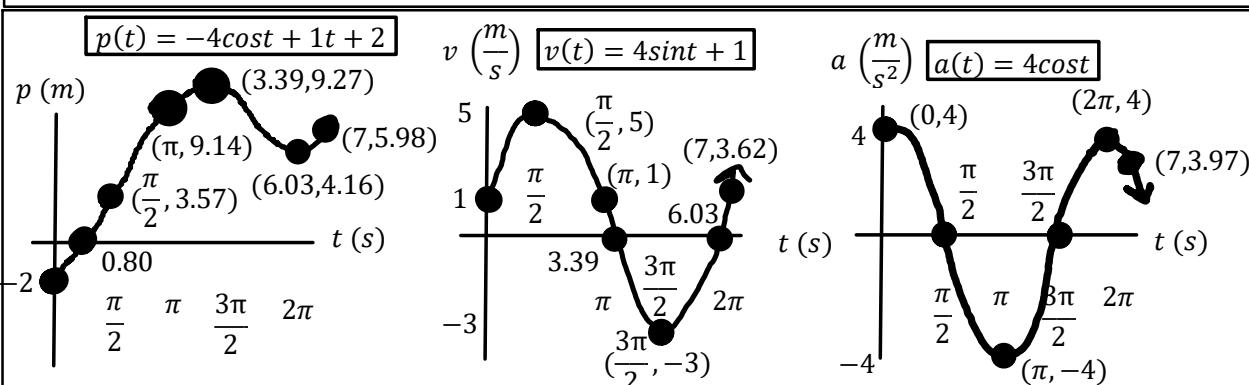
C12 - 3.12 - Particle Motion Int Notes

$$F(b) = F(a) + \int_a^b f(x) dx$$

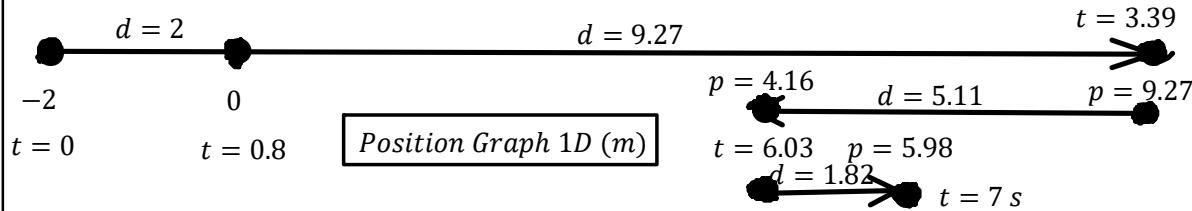


A particle starts moving along a straight line East... $a(t) = 4\cos t$ $v(0) = 1$ $s(0) = -2$ $[0, 7]$

$a(3) = ?$	$a(t) = 4\cos t$	$v(3) = v(0) + \int_0^3 a(t) dt$	$v(t) = v(0) + \int_0^t a(t) dt$
$a(5) = ?$	$a(3) = 4\cos 3$	$v(3) = 1 + \int_0^3 4\cos t dt$	$v(t) = 1 + \int_0^t 4\cos t dt$
$v(3) = ?$	$a(3) = -3.96 \frac{m}{s^2}$	$v(3) = 1 + (4\sin(3) - 4\sin(0))$	$v(t) = 1 + (4\sin(t) - 4\sin(0))$
$v(5) = ?$		$v(3) = 1.56 \frac{m}{s}$	$v(t) = 4\sin t + 1$
$v(t) = ?$	$a(t) = 4\cos t$	$v(3) = 4\sin 3 + 1$	$v(5) = 4\sin 5 + 1$
$s(2) = ?$	$a(5) = 4\cos 5$	$v(3) = 1.56 \frac{m}{s}$	$v(5) = -2.84 \frac{m}{s}$
$s(t) = ?$	$a(5) = 1.13 \frac{m}{s^2}$		
$p(t) = p(0) + \int_0^t v(t) dt$		Moving Right	
$p(2) = p(0) + \int_0^2 v(t) dt$		Moving Left	
$p(2) = -2 + \int_0^2 (4\sin t + 1) dt$		$p(t) = p(0) + \int_0^t v(t) dt$	$p(t) = -4\cos t + 1t + 2$
$p(2) = -2 + ((-4\cos t + 1)t) _0^2$		$p(2) = -4\cos 2 + 1(2) + 2$	$p(2) = 5.66 m$
$p(2) = -2 + ((-4\cos(2) + 1(2))$		$p(t) = p(0) + \int_0^t (4\sin t + 1) dt$	
$p(2) = 4 - 4\cos 2$		$p(t) = -2 + (-4\cos t + 1)t _0^t$	
$p(2) = 5.66 m$		$p(t) = -2 + ((-4\cos t + 1)t - (-4\cos 0 + 1(0)))$	
		$p(t) = -4\cos t + 1t + 2$	



$p(t) = -4\cos t + 1t + 2$	$v(t) = 4\sin t + 1$	$a(t) = 4\cos t$
$s'(t) = 4\sin t + 1$	$v'(t) = 4\cos t$	t
$v(t) = 4\sin t + 1$	$a(t) = 4\cos t$	$v(t)$
$0 = 4\sin t + 1$	$0 = 4\cos t$	t
$\sin t = -\frac{1}{4}$ [QIII, IV]	$\cos t = 0$	$a(t)$
$t_r = \sin^{-1}(-\frac{1}{4})$	$t = \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$	
$t_r = 0.25$		
$t = 3.39 s, 6.03 s$		



C12 - 3.12 - Particle Motion Int Notes

When is the particle at rest?

$$v = 0 \quad t = 3.39 \text{ s}, 6.03 \text{ s}$$

When is the particle moving in the positive direction?

$$v > 0 \quad (0, 3.39) \cup (6.03, 7)$$

When is the particle moving in the negative direction?

$$v < 0 \quad (3.39, 6.03)$$

When is the particle at the origin?

$$s(t) = 0 \quad t = 0.80 \text{ s}$$

$$s(t) = -4\cos t + 1t + 2$$

$$0 = -4\cos t + 1t + 2$$

$$TI - 84$$

When does the particle change direction?



$$s' = v \quad + \quad 3.39 \quad - \quad 6.03 \quad +$$

$$v = 0 \& v + \rightarrow - \text{ or } - \rightarrow +$$

$$t = 3.39 \text{ s}, 6.03 \text{ s}$$

$$(3.39, 9.27) \cup (6.03, 4.16)$$

Abs Max Loc Min

$$(0, -2) \quad (7.5, 9.8)$$

Loc/Abs Min* Loc Max

When is the particle farthest from the origin?

$$v = 0 \& s(t) \text{ Abs Max or Min}$$

$$s'(t) = 0 \text{ or DNE}$$

$$s'(t) + \rightarrow -, \text{ or } - \rightarrow +$$

$$v(t) = 0 \quad t = 3.39 \text{ s}$$

$$p(t) = -4\cos t + 1t + 2$$

$$p(3.39) = -4\cos(3.39) + 1t + 2$$

$$p(3.39) = 9.27 \text{ m} [W]$$

Check Endpoints

$$p(0) = -2$$

$$p(6.03) = 4.16$$

$$p(7) = 3.62$$

When is the velocity the greatest.

$$v' = 0$$

$$t = \frac{\pi}{2} \text{ s}, \frac{3\pi}{2} \text{ s}$$



$$v' \quad + \quad \frac{\pi}{2} \quad - \quad \frac{3\pi}{2} \quad +$$

$$(\frac{\pi}{2}, 5) \quad (\frac{3\pi}{2}, -1)$$

Abs Max Abs Min

$$(0, 1)$$

Loc Min

$$(7, 3.62)$$

Loc Max

When is the particles acceleration :

Greatest?
 $a = \max$

Least?
 $a = \min$



$$a' \quad - \quad 0 \quad + \quad 2\pi \quad -$$

$$a(t) = 4\cos t$$

$$a'(t) = -4\sin t$$

$$0 = -4\sin t$$

$$\sin t = 0$$

$$t = 0, \pi, 2\pi \text{ s}$$

$$a(0) = 4\cos(0) = 4$$

$$a(\pi) = 4\cos(\pi) = -4$$

$$a(2\pi) = 4\cos(2\pi) = 4$$

Speeding up in the negative direction →

When is the particle speeding up?

$$v, a \text{ same sign}$$

$$v = +, a = +$$

$$v = -, a = -$$

$$(0, \frac{\pi}{2}) \cup (3.39, \frac{3\pi}{2})$$

When is the particle slowing down?

$$v, a \text{ different signs}$$

$$v = +, a = -$$

$$v = -, a = +$$

$$(\frac{\pi}{2}, 3.39) \cup (\frac{3\pi}{2}, 7)$$

Going forward Slowing Down

Going backward Slowing Down

What is the displacement : \vec{d} travelled by the particle (0,6.03)?

$$\vec{d} = \int_a^b v(t) dt$$

$$\vec{d} = \int_0^{6.03} (4\sin t + 1) dt$$

$$\vec{d} = (-4\cos t + t) \Big|_0^{6.03}$$

$$\vec{d} = (-4\cos 6.03 + 6.03) - (-4\cos 0 + 0)$$

$$\vec{d} = 2.16 + 4$$

$$\vec{d} = 6.16 \text{ m} [E]$$

$$2 + 9.27 - (9.27 - 4.16) = 6.16$$

$$s(t) = -4\cos t + 1t + 2$$

$$s(6.03) = -4\cos(6.03) + 1(6.03) + 2$$

$$s(6.03) = 4.16 \text{ m} [E]$$

$$s(0) = -2 \text{ or } 2 \text{ [W]}$$

$$2 + 4.16 = 6.16$$

$$s(3.39) = 9.27 \text{ [E]}$$

What is the distance : d travelled by the particle (0,6.03)?

$$d = \int_a^b |v(t)| dt$$

$$d = \int_0^{6.03} |4\sin t + 1| dt$$

Negative Area so Minus (3.39,6.03)

$$d = \int_0^{3.39} (4\sin t + 1) dt + \int_{3.39}^{6.03} |4\sin t + 1| dt$$

$$d = \int_0^{3.39} (4\sin t + 1) dt - \int_{3.39}^{6.03} (4\sin t + 1) dt$$

$$d = (-4\cos t + t) \Big|_0^{3.39} + (-4\cos t + t) \Big|_{3.39}^{6.03}$$

$$d = ((-4\cos 3.39 + 3.39) - (-4\cos 0 + 0)) - ((-4\cos 6.03 + 6.03) - (-4\cos 3.39 + 3.39))$$

$$d = (11.27) - (-5.11)$$

$$d = 16.38 \text{ m} [E]$$

$$= 2 + 9.27 + (9.27 - 4.16) = 16.38$$